

Southern California Edison
2022-WMPs – 2022 Wildfire Mitigation Plan Updates

DATA REQUEST SET O E I S - S C E - 2 2 - 0 0 2

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Response Date: 3/18/2022

Question 15:

Contractor Stand Downs:

- a. On page 426, SCE notes that it fell short of its targeted removal of 90% of its HTMP inventory within 7 months of ID citing "multiple contractor stand downs to help ensure safe work practices were in place."
 - i. What triggered the stand downs?
 - ii. What were the lessons learned from these stand downs?

Response to Question 15:

In 2021, SCE had two stand downs that affected the production of HTMP work. The total duration of the stand downs was approximately six months.

- i. Two separate incidents involving different contractor crews triggered the stand downs. One incident involved a rigging rope getting caught in a wood-chipper resulting in injuries to two contractor employees. The other incident involved the removal of a tree that resulted in damage to a structure.
- ii. The specific safety lessons learned from these incidents include:
 - Emphasizing the need to adhere to SCE's Contractor Safety Critical Observable Actions (COAs) related to operation of aerial lifts and chippers (see COAs posted on SCE.com [Supply Chain Management | Buying and Selling | Partners & Vendors](#)).
 - Focusing on the importance of situational awareness, the use of proper equipment, and not deviating from the work plan.

These incidents also highlighted the need for improved resource plans that would better allow SCE to mitigate schedule impacts resulting from safety stand downs. For example, having additional contractors available to backfill when a contractor is on stand down can allow the work to safely continue without scheduling delays.