

*Southern California Edison*  
*2025-WMPs – 2025-WMPs*

**DATA REQUEST SET Cal Advocates - SCE - 2025 WMP - 07**

**To: Cal Advocates**  
**Prepared by: Jonathan Brownstein**  
**Job Title: Engineering Manager**  
**Received Date: 4/15/2024**

**Response Date: 4/18/2024**

---

**Question 02:**

Questions 1 - 3 refer to Table 2 in SCE's 4th quarter data report for 2023.

A year over year comparison of three Key Performance Metrics from 2020 thru 2023 is provided in the table below.

Table 2 Key Performance Metrics				
Metric	2020	2021	2022	2023
Wire down events (T3)	236	261	214	340
Outages with ignition risk (T3)	35	27	40	76
Outages with Fast Curve (T3)	270	83	85	147

Regarding outages with ignition risk in HFTD Tier 3 areas:

- SCE reports a 123.5 percent increase in outages with ignition risk in Tier 3 areas in 2023 compared to previous years (the average of 2020-2022).<sup>5</sup> What specific factors contributed to this increase?
- Has SCE identified any patterns, trends, or common causes that drive the significant increase in outages with ignition risk in Tier 3 areas?
- If the answer to (b) is "yes," describe any patterns, trends, or common causes identified.
- If the answer to (b) is "no," explain why not.
- Has SCE implemented, or does SCE plan to implement, any measures to address the steep increase in outages with ignition risk in Tier 3 areas?
- If the answer to (e) is "yes," provide a description of any measures SCE has implemented or plans to implement to address the marked increase in outages with ignition risk in Tier 3 areas.
- If the answer to (e) is "no," explain why not.

---

<sup>5</sup> The 2020 – 2002 average of outages with ignition risk in Tier 3 areas is 34 per year.

**Response to Question 02:**

SCE's clarifies that Table 2 of SCE's 4<sup>th</sup> Quarterly Data Report for 2023 does not contain a metric titled "Outages with ignition risk (T3)". Furthermore, SCE cannot match any listed metric to the numbers listed for Tier 3 (T3) HFRA. Thus, SCE cannot respond to the questions below as it does not understand the metric nor the data behind the proposed analysis.

*a. SCE reports a 123.5 percent increase in outages with ignition risk in Tier 3 areas in 2023 compared to previous years (the average of 2020-2022). What specific factors contributed to this increase?*

N/A

*b. Has SCE identified any patterns, trends, or common causes that drive the significant increase in outages with ignition risk in Tier 3 areas?*

N/A

*c. If the answer to (b) is "yes," describe any patterns, trends, or common causes identified.*

N/A

*d. If the answer to (b) is "no," explain why not.*

N/A

*e. Has SCE implemented, or does SCE plan to implement, any measures to address the steep increase in outages with ignition risk in Tier 3 areas?*

N/A

*f. If the answer to (e) is "yes," provide a description of any measures SCE has implemented or plans to implement to address the marked increase in outages with ignition risk in Tier 3 areas.*

N/A

*g. If the answer to (e) is "no," explain why not.*

N/A